

APPENDIX

A. Influencing Factors

We comprehensively show the results of influencing factors in Figure 3 and Figure 4 on Seven-species dataset and HC-PT dataset, respectively. The detailed analysis for these results can be found in the main texts.

B. Corrected Results for InstaNovo

In the main body of the text, we utilized the original open-source code of InstaNovo for training and testing, only to find that the results were significantly lower than expected. Therefore, after the deadline of the main text, we re-implemented InstaNovo and have since corrected its results. We will also incorporate these new results into the main body of the text in the future.

Table 6: Corrected results for InstaNovo.

Metric	Seven-species	Nine-species	HC-PT
AA. Prec.	0.192	0.420	0.289
AA. Recall	0.176	0.395	0.285
Pep. Prec.	0.031	0.164	0.057
Pep. AUC	0.009	0.123	0.034
PTM Recall	0.115	0.294	0.261
PTM Prec.	0.126	0.443	0.350
Confidence score	0.665	0.782	0.652
Training Time	0.90	0.86	0.79
Inference Time	0.46	0.39	0.37
Trainable Params	92.3	92.3	92.3

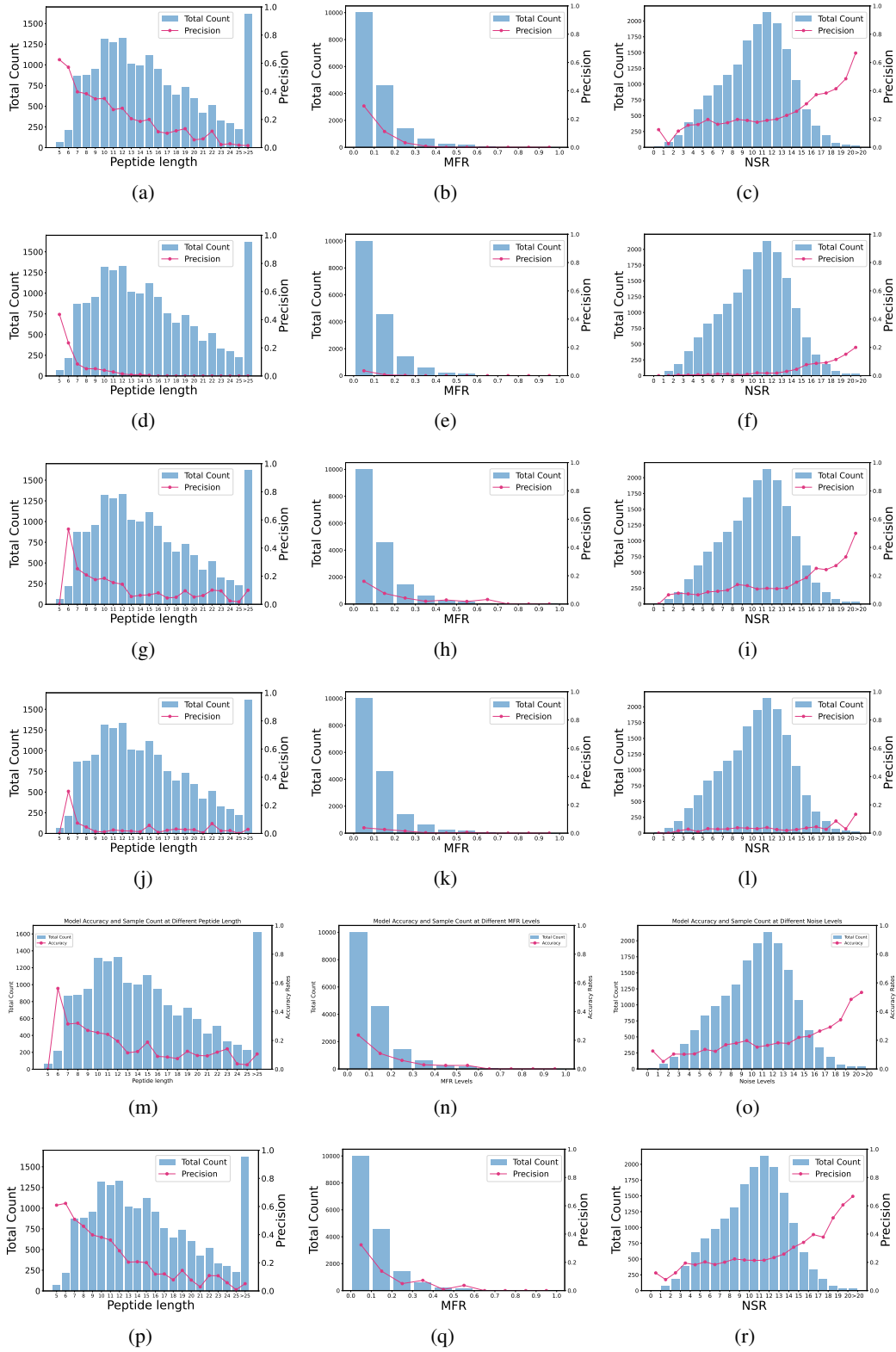


Figure 3: Peptide-level precision curves of the benchmarking models under the influence of three factors on Seven-species dataset. The first row to the sixth row correspond to the models DeepNovo, PointNovo, CasaNovo, InstaNovo, AdaNovo, π -HelixNovo, and the first column to the third column correspond to the three influencing factors Peptide length, missing fragmentation ratio (MFR) and noise peaks (NSR).

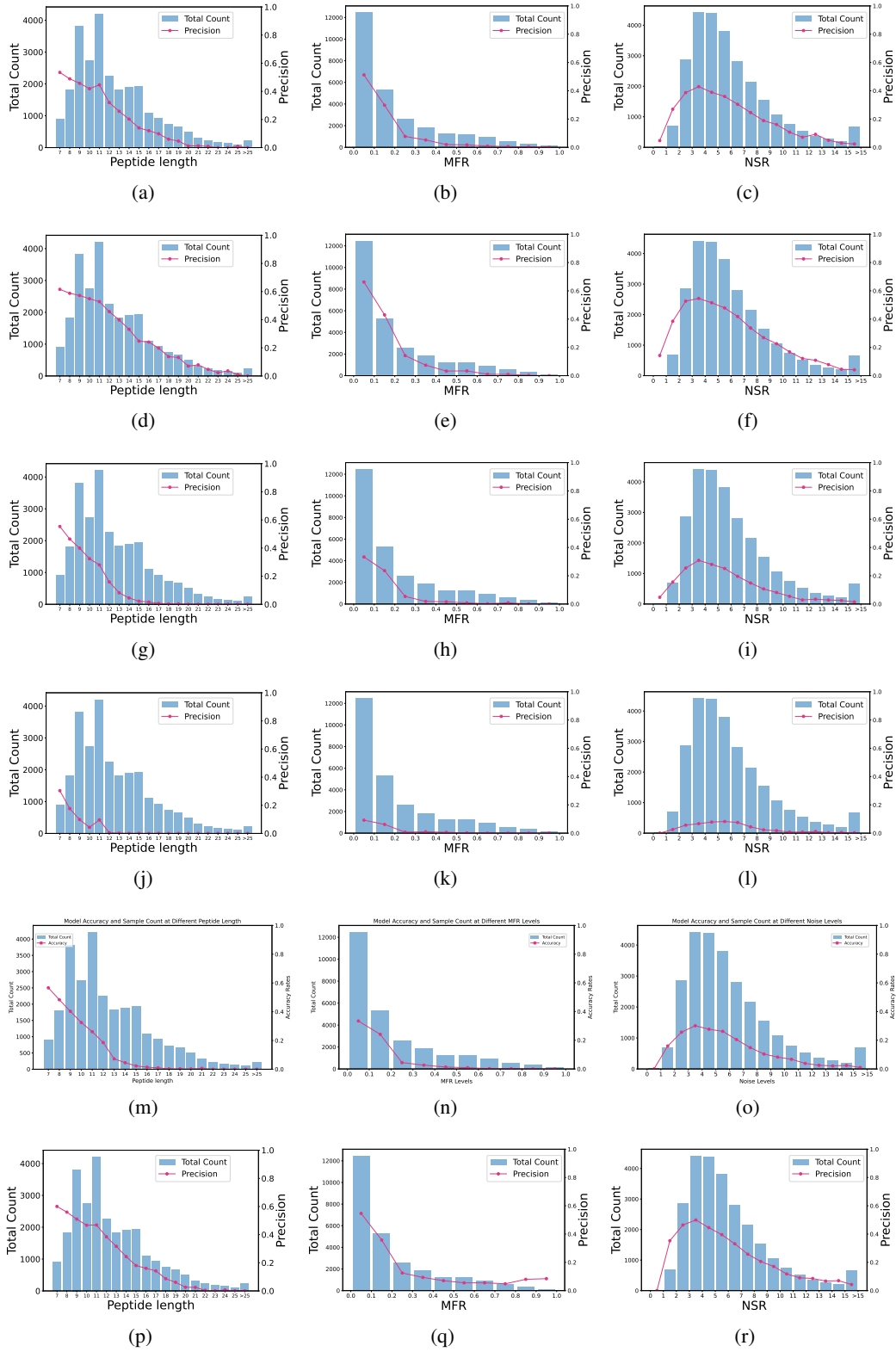


Figure 4: Peptide-level precision curves of the benchmarking models under the influence of three factors on HC-PT dataset. The first row to the sixth row correspond to the models DeepNovo, PointNovo, CasaNovo, InstaNovo, AdaNovo, π -HelixNovo, and the first column to the third column correspond to the three influencing factors Peptide length, missing fragmentation ratio (MFR) and noise peaks (NSR).