- We thank all reviewers for their efforts towards improving our manuscript. In the following paragraphs, we mainly
- 2 address the concerns of Reviewer #3.
- 3 **Comment #1.** Give a clear example of forest approximation. The brief paragraph on merging nodes was not very clear.
- **Response.** By definition, the forest approximation of a graph G by a forest F is a mapping from vertices of G to F
- such that the images of any pair of adjacent vertices are either the same or adjacent.
- Recall Figure 2 in our manuscript, which is presented below in Figure 1. G is a cycle of 5 vertices and F is a path of 3
- vertices. ϕ maps each vertex of G to the vertex of F which has the same shape. Say, vertices 1 and 2 of G are mapped
- to vertex u of F, likewise for the other vertices. We can check that the images of any pair of adjacent vertices of G are
- 9 either the same or adjacent in F. For example, vertices 1 and 2 have the same image u, while 3 and 4 are mapped to v
- and w respectively, which are adjacent in \bar{F} . As a result, ϕ is a forest approximation of G by F.

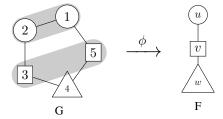


Figure 1: A forest approximation of C_5